This index lists all forms reconstructed in this volume, together with any existing higher-level proto forms. Reconstructions for proto languages of lower order than Proto Oceanic are included when significant to the discussion, or innovatory to their antecedent in some way. Other reconstructed forms listed here are those which have been used to illustrate particular points of phonology or derivation.

Reconstructions are listed by proto language from highest-order to lowest, and in a rough geographical sequence from west to east. Within each proto language, reconstructions are listed in alphabetical order, with the following additions:

- $n$ is followed by $n, \eta$
- $r$ is followed by $R$

Parentheses and hyphens are ignored in alphabetisation. When a reconstruction contains parenthesised alternants, for example *(b,p)ulit, only the first alternant is counted for alphabetisation purposes.

### Proto Austronesian (PAn)

* $aCas$ ‘high, tall’ 242
* $aRi$ ‘come on’ 280
* $bageRuh$ ‘new’ 210
* $baRiuS$ ‘typhoon’ 87, 128, 153
* $batu$ ‘stone’ 63
* $besuR$ ‘satisfied from having eaten enough, satiated’ 224
* $bituqen$ ‘star’ 166
* $bujeq$ ‘foam, bubbles, lather, scum, froth’ 102
* $bulaN$ ‘moon, month, menstruation’ 164, 315
* $Cebuj$ ‘spring of water’ 60
* $CuqaS$ ‘mature, elder’ 211
* $danaw$ ‘inland lake, pond’ 56
* $daNum$ ‘water — potable, drinking, fresh’ 98
* $daqaNi$ ‘day’ 161, 309
* $daReq$ ‘soil, clay’ 70
* $diki[t,q]$ ‘little, few, small in amount’ 200
* $ijan$ ‘when?’ 335
* $kuSa$ ‘go’ 284
* $ma-dalis$ ‘smooth, slippery’ 218
* $[ma]dalit$ ‘smooth, slippery’ 218
* $[ma]Lipis$ ‘thin’ 209
* $ma-baCi$ ‘ebb, of water in streams; low tide’ 103
* $ma-gañud$ ‘adrift’ 97
* $maCa$ ‘eye’ 259
* $maRi$, $mai$ ‘come’ 280, 281
* $Nabek$ ‘breakers, surf, waves’ 99
* $pu+put$ ‘blow’ 131
* $qabu$ ‘ash, cinders, powder’ 75
* $qadəp$ ‘front, face’ 256
* $qajaw$ ‘sun, daylight’ 309
* $qalejaw$ ‘sun, daylight’ 309
*qaluR (?) (V) ‘flow’ 98
*gapuR ‘lime, calcium’ 65
*gasiN ‘salt’ 70
*gasiRa ‘salt’ 70
*genay ‘sand’ 67
*guCaN ‘scrubland, bush’ 54, 238
*qulu ‘head’ 253
*guZaL ‘rain’ 146
*Rabi ‘evening’ 313
*Rumaq ‘dwelling house’ 241
*SabaRat ‘south wind (?)’ 133
*Sapuy ‘fire’ 72

*bujeq ‘foam, bubbles, lather, scum, froth’ 101
*buku ‘node (as in bamboo or sugarcane); joint; knuckle; knot in wood; knot in string or rope’ 51
*bulan ‘moon, month; menstruation’ 164, 315
*bulan ‘white’ 217
*bulq ‘a constellation, the Pleiades’ 171
*burit ‘hind part, rear, back’ 262, 323
*busa ‘foam’ 101
*buya ‘hind part, rear, back’ 262, 323
*buya ni batu ‘coral sponge’ 108
*da(m)paD ‘flat, level’ 218
*Dalom ‘inside’ 246
*dani ‘be near’ 206, 207
*dapuR ‘hearth, fireplace’ 75
*dem-dem ‘be dark’ 308
*dinj ‘cold’ 225
*(d,r)apu ‘still, calm, quiet’ 141
*duydug ‘sheltered as from wind, rain or sun’ 46
*guruq ‘noise, tumult’ 151
*habaRat ‘southwest monsoon season, wet season’ 135
*habaRat ‘west monsoon’ 133, 269
*hanj ‘air, wind’ 126
*i-pu(h)a-n ‘day after tomorrow, day before yesterday’ 330
*ibut ‘breeze, draught of wind’ 130
*iju ‘nose’ 48
*kobul ‘smoke’ 79
*kabut ‘mist’ 145
*kamaliR ‘men’s house’ 15
*kila(p,b) ‘flash, sparkle’ 151
*la(g)kas ‘spirited, energetic’ 222
*lahud ‘downriver, towards the sea’ 95, 137, 239
*laJay ‘coral’ 107
*laoko ‘go’ 287
*lamuR ‘dew’ 149
*law ‘wide, long’ 203, 204
*lanj ‘sky’ 142, 157

Proto Malayo-Polynesian (PMP)
*abus ‘ashes’ 75
*aliten ‘firebrand. 2. unconsumed wood in a fire. 3. charred wood’ 72
*aluten ‘firebrand. 2. unconsumed wood in a fire. 3. charred wood’ 72
*apij ‘twins’ 6
*bajakas ‘swift, strong, energetic, fast’ 222
*babaq ‘lower surface, bottom, underside’ 249, 251
*babaw ‘upper surface, top; above; highlands’ 252
*bahaq ‘a flood; overflow, be in flood’ 86
*balay ‘side, part’ 254
*baliw ‘moiety; answer; oppose; partner, friend, enemy; opposite side or part’ 255
*banua ‘inhabited territory, where a community lives’ 40
*barah ‘live coal’ 73
*belaj ‘spread out to dry’ 207
*beleri ‘night’ 305
*besuR ‘satiated’ 223
*bilak ‘lightning’ 149
*biRinj ‘dark hue, dark red (?)’ 217
*budaj ‘foam, bubbles, lather, scum, froth’ 61

*bujeq ‘foam, bubbles, lather, scum, froth’ 101
*buku ‘node (as in bamboo or sugarcane); joint; knuckle; knot in wood; knot in string or rope’ 51
*bulan ‘moon, month; menstruation’ 164, 315
*bulan ‘white’ 217
*bulq ‘a constellation, the Pleiades’ 171
*burit ‘hind part, rear, back’ 262, 323
*busa ‘foam’ 101
*buya ‘hind part, rear, back’ 262, 323
*buya ni batu ‘coral sponge’ 108
*da(m)paD ‘flat, level’ 218
*Dalom ‘inside’ 246
*dani ‘be near’ 206, 207
*dapuR ‘hearth, fireplace’ 75
*dem-dem ‘be dark’ 308
*dinj ‘cold’ 225
*(d,r)apu ‘still, calm, quiet’ 141
*duydug ‘sheltered as from wind, rain or sun’ 46
*guruq ‘noise, tumult’ 151
*habaRat ‘southwest monsoon season, wet season’ 135
*habaRat ‘west monsoon’ 133, 269
*hanj ‘air, wind’ 126
*i-pu(h)a-n ‘day after tomorrow, day before yesterday’ 330
*ibut ‘breeze, draught of wind’ 130
*iju ‘nose’ 48
*kobul ‘smoke’ 79
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*kamaliR ‘men’s house’ 15
*kila(p,b) ‘flash, sparkle’ 151
*la(g)kas ‘spirited, energetic’ 222
*lahud ‘downriver, towards the sea’ 95, 137, 239
*laJay ‘coral’ 107
*laoko ‘go’ 287
*lamuR ‘dew’ 149
*law ‘wide, long’ 203, 204
*lanj ‘sky’ 142, 157
Index

*leblehb (V) ‘flood’ 87
*likU ‘(person’s back)’ 46, 256
*linaw ‘be clear’ 140
*liwag ‘open space’ 244
*lubuk ‘deep pool in water’ 106
*luten ‘firewood’ 72
*ma-dani ‘be near’ 207
*ma-edem ‘be dark’ 308
*ma-iRaq ‘red’ 213
*maja ‘be dry’ 105, 226
*[ma-]kumba ‘thick (in dimension)’ 208
*[ma]lajkaw ‘high, tall’ 204
*[ma]lumu ‘soft, tender, gentle’ 222
*maN-qinit ‘hot, warm’ 225
*mantalaq ‘the morning (evening) star: Venus’ 167
*manuk ‘bird’ 168
*[ma]panas ‘be/become warm, hot (of fire, sun, fever, water)’ 224
*ma-putiq ‘white, light in colour’ 213
*ma-qasin ‘salty’ 70
*[ma]qitem ‘black, deep blue’ 213
*[ma]Raqan ‘light in weight’ 221
*[ma]Raqaw ‘dry’ 227
*mata WahiR ‘spring of water’ 62
*ma-udehi ‘be last; be after or behind; be late, be later; future’ 261, 322
*ma-Zauq ‘far away’ 206
*namaw ‘sheltered water: deep place in a river; cove, harbour, lagoon’ 114
*ninih ‘shake, tremble, rock’ 84
*nusa ‘island’ 42
*néRab ‘yesterday’ 325, 331
*pai ‘where?’ 264
*paja ‘swamp’ 56
*panaw ‘go away, depart, leave on a journey’ 290
*paRih ‘stingray’ 173
*pitak ‘mud’ 57
*ponuq ‘full’ 223
*punay ‘source, origin’ 61
*puqun ‘beginning, cause, origin, source, basis’ 251
*putput ‘puff, blow suddenly and hard’ 131
*qajaw ‘sun, daylight’ 160
*galejaw ‘sun, daylight’ 160
*galun ‘long rolling wave, swell, billow’ 99
*qaruS (N) ‘current’ 96
*gasu ‘smoke’ 78
*gatuR (V) ‘pave with stones; pile or stack up, arrange, order, put in sequence’ 43
*qembus ‘snort, pant’ 130
*genay genay ‘sandy’ 68
*gitik ‘small, little; few’ 199
*qusilak ‘lightning’ 149
*qutan ‘small wild herbaceous plants; scrubland, bush’ 54, 238
*quZan ‘rain’ 146
*Rabi ‘evening’ 331
*Ra(m)bun ‘haze’ 144
*renden ‘wet season’ 143
*Kuab ‘high tide’ 105–106
*sabuq ‘drop, fall’ 62
*Sa-dani ‘be near’ 207
*sakaRu ‘reef, shoal’ 110
*saRi ‘flow’ 98
*sa(γ)kay ‘catch a ride, ride on something’ 181
*sawaq ‘channel’ 116
*sidiŋ ‘border on, neighbor; peer, equal’ 255
*silak ‘beam of light’ 149
*sinaR ‘ray of light’ 163, 310
*surup ‘enter, penetrate’ 272
*(t)ala(q) ‘star’ 167
*talun ‘fallow land’ 55
*taneq ‘earth, land’ 41, 241
*taqun ‘period of a year’ 319
*tasik ‘sea’ 92, 240
*tebuR ‘spring of water’ 60
*tekas ‘come to rest in a place’ 137
*timuR ‘south or east wind’ 43, 135
*tinaqi ‘small intestine’ 248
*tipis ‘thin’ 209
*tubuR ‘spring of water’ 60
*udehi ‘that which is behind, that which is last, that which is after or in the future’ 261
*uyuj ‘nose’ 48
*uRiŋ ‘charcoal, wood that is charred (but no longer burning fiercely)’ 74
*Rutus ‘break under tension’ 42
*uRuj ‘shake; earthquake’ 84
*waiR ‘fresh water; stream, river’ 58
*wahir ‘floodwaters’ 86
*waRej ‘vine, creeper, rope’ 55
*Zauq ‘far away’ 205

Proto Western Malayo-Polynesian (PWMP)

*abuR, *apuk, *qabug ‘dust’ 75

Proto Oceanic (POc)

*alito(n) (N) ‘firebrand, piece of burning wood’ 72
*ain ‘wind’ 126
*apaRa ‘northwest wind; wet season when northwesterlies blow and sea is rough’ 133, 140, 269
*apaRa ‘wet season when northwesterlies blow and sea is rough’ 87, 318
*api ‘fire’ 72
*apic ‘twins’ 6
*aQura ‘wind, possibly southeast trade’ 139
*atas ‘top, space above’ 235, 242, 277
*baban ‘flat; board, plank; canoe strake; flat shelf of rock’ 114, 218, 254
*bala ‘k.o. cloud’ 144
*bala ‘move downward (?)’ 273
*bali ‘one of two (opposing) sides or parts’ 255
*banoR ‘volcano; matter emitted from volcano’ 81
*bapan ‘plank; canoe plank or strake’ 254
*baRa ‘fence’ 158
*bata ‘raindrop (?), rain cloud (?)’ 148
*bayau ‘ocean wave, ocean swell’ 100
*[biRi/biRiŋ ‘dark hue, dirty’ 217
*biRiŋ-kaj ‘dark hue, dirty’ 217
*botoR ‘short’ 205
*boji ‘night, day of twenty-four hours’ 300, 305, 327
*boji ‘be/become night’ 307
*boji rua ‘two days’ 334
*boji-boji ‘early morning from dawn to 9 or 10 a.m.’ 310, 329
*buku ‘tie (a knot); fasten’ 5
*buku ‘mound, knob, joint’ 51
*bula ‘? burn, be alight’ 77
*buluq ‘Pleiades’ 171
*buluk ‘be wet, soaked, waterlogged’ 226
*buna ‘spring of water’ 61
*burit ‘be behind, be after; back part, rear, behind, space to the rear of, time after; (canoe) stern’ 262, 323
*busa ‘foam, froth’ 101
*buso ‘foam, froth’ 101
*buja ‘smooth round coral’ 108
*bwal(o,a)k ‘belly, hollow space’ 248
*bwa(p)o ‘misty rain (?)’ 145
*b(w)arapu ‘long, tall’ 202, 203
*b(w)iker ‘beach, esp. sandy beach’ 44
*[dr;r]ano ‘lake, swamp’ 56
*[dr;r]anum ‘fresh water’ 59
*[dr;r]aqā (N) ‘sun’s heat, sunlight’ 162
*draRaq ‘blood’ 216
*driksi-driksi ‘earthquake’ 83
*drikiti(t,qj) ‘small’ 200
*d(r)im(a)-d(r)im(a) ‘drizzle, light rain’ 148
*gaQwari ‘the area underneath a raised house’ 250
*gapu ‘mist’ 146
*garoR ‘be near’ 207
*giri-giri ‘coral, coral rubble’ 65
* [g,k]opu ‘pond, lagoon, swamp’ 57
  *goRu ‘dry, of vegetation; coconut growth stage 8: dry and ready to fall’ 228
  *guru ‘thunder, make loud noise’ 151
  *guru-ŋ(a), *gururu-ŋ(a), *gururu-ą ‘thunder’ 151–152
  *gururu ‘thunder, make loud noise’ 151
  *i boji-boji ‘in the morning’ 329
  *ibu ‘half coconut shell used as a drinking cup’ 129
  *ican ‘when?’ 335
  *(i,u)cuŋ ‘nose; cape’ 48
  *ikuR ‘tail’ 177
  *i muri ‘behind, later’ 261
  *[i] naican ‘when?’ 335
  *i musa ‘at (our) island’ 42
  *ipu ‘blow’ 129
  *i Rapi ‘in the evening’ 328
  *i tanoq ‘down there’ 237
  *ipu ‘(wind) blow’ 130
  *ip(w)i ‘(wind, person) blow’ 130
  *[i] waRisa ‘two days from today’ 332
  *[jani] (N) ‘strong wind; ? (V) ‘be windy’ 127
  *(k,g)abu (V) ‘burn, be on fire’ 76
  *ka]dapuR ‘rain, rain cloud’ 147
  *ka(l,r)abwa 211
  *kapuru ‘low-burning remnants of a fire’ 74
  *kapu(t) ‘low cloud, mist, fog’ 145
  *karak(a) ‘(strong?) southeast trade’ 138
  *karanji ‘be near’ 207
  *ka-(r,R)ago ‘be dry; be low tide’ 228
  *keja-ka ‘green’ 217
  *[keja]keja ‘green’ 217
  *kiki ‘small’ 201
  *kilap ‘flash, sparkle’ 151
  *kiti ‘tie, bind’ 5
  *kobul(a) ‘smoke’ 79
  *kodos ‘go straight; straighten’ 219
  *kopu ‘low cloud, mist, fog’ 145
  *koran (N) ‘? embers, glowing coals’ 73
  *koro ‘mountain, hill’ 50
  *kuba ‘thick (in dimension)’ 208
  *kupu(k) (V) ‘emit smoke or steam’ 78
  *kuru ‘thunder’ 151
  *kururu ‘thunder’ 151
  *laga(s) ‘spirited, energetic’ 222
  *laje ‘coral, branching coral’ 65,107
  *laka ‘up above’ 235, 243
  *lako, *la (V) ‘go (to)’ 287
  *lalo-,*la- (N LOC) ‘inside’ 115, 235, 246, 289
  *lalom ‘inside’ 246
  *laman ‘deep sea beyond the reef’ 94, 239
  *lamuR ‘dew’ 149
  *lap(w)a(r,R) ‘lightning, phosphorescence’ 150
  *lapuat ‘big, important’ 197–198
  *lauR ‘sea, seawards’ 95, 235, 239
  *lanjit ‘sky, weather’ 142, 243
  *lanjit ‘up above’ 142, 235
  *la-tuqu ‘tomorrow’ 331
  *liki ‘small’ 200
  *liku(r) ‘person’s back’ 46, 256
  *liwa-/*liwaŋ ‘open space, space between, middle’ 244
  *liwaŋ ‘open space, space between, middle’ 244
  *loka (N) ‘high sea or tide, heavy breakers’ 100
  *lolo (V) ‘flood’ 87
  *lomak (N,V) ‘flood, of sea’ 87, 106
  *loto- ‘space within a concave object’ 115, 248
  *longa ‘inland’ 239
  *lua ‘outside’ 244
  *lubu(k) ‘high tide; deep water’ 106
  *luku- ‘outside’ 256
  *ma ‘come’ 267
  *ma-dala ‘the morning star’ 167
  *madrali(s,t) ‘smooth, slippery’ 218
  *[ma-[d]]rapu ‘still, calm, windless’ 95, 141
  *madri(di)riŋ ‘(s.o.) become cold’ 225
  *maga ‘stone; slingshot’ 64
*maga-maga ‘small stones, pebbles, gravel’ 64  
*mai ‘come’ 268, 287  
*ma, *ma ‘come’ 281, 283  
*[ma]karawa ‘green, blue’ 213  
*makaridriq ‘(s.o.) cold’ 225  
*[ma]koto ‘straight’ 219  
*mala ‘valley, ravine’ 52  
*[ma]lago ‘long, tall’ 202, 204  
*malaso ‘be cold’ 226  
*[ma]lawa ‘long, tall’ 202, 204–205  
*malino ‘calm’ 95, 140  
*mal(i,e)u ‘wind’ 87, 128  
*ma-luas ‘soft’ 141, 223  
*[ma]lumu ‘soft, gentle, easy’ 222  
*[ma]maca (V) ‘dry up, evaporate, be empty of liquid’ 104–105, 226  
*mamat ‘heavy’ 221  
*manipis ‘thin’ 209  
*manuk ‘bird, Bird constellation’ 168  
*maginiiti ‘become hot, warm (?)’ 225  
*[ma]panas ‘warm, hot’ 224  
*mapat ‘heavy’ 221  
*ma-pua ‘tomorrow’ 330  
*maputiti(q) ‘white’ 213  
*maqasen ‘float, be afloat or drifting’ 66, 97  
*maqasen (V) ‘be salty’ 70, 196  
*maqati (N) ‘low tide; dry reef’ 103  
*maqeto(m) ‘black’ 213  
*[ma](r,R)ap ‘wither, dry up’ 227  
*[ma]Raqan ‘light in weight’ 221  
*ma-raqani ‘become light’ 330  
*ma-raqani ‘tomorrow’ 331  
*marau ‘southeast trade wind’ 139  
*ma-ri(di)ri(n) ‘(s.o.) cold’ 225  
*marom ‘be dark’ 308  
*ma-sauq (V) ‘be far away’ 206  
*masawa(n,η) ‘open sea’ 93  
*mata ‘eye’ 62, 171, 175  
*mata (q/n) sawa(n,η) ‘channel in fringing reef giving passage to boats; landing place’ 117  
*mata waiR ‘spring of water, source of a river’ 62  
*mata ‘edge’ 113  
*mata[-] ‘eye; face; front’ 254, 259  
*mataq ‘raw’ 196  
*ma-tipi(s) ‘thin’ 209  
*ma-tolu ‘thick’ 208  
*[ma]tuqa ‘ripe, mature, adult, old’ 193, 211  
*matuqu ‘coconut growth stage: ripe, brown but has not fallen yet’ 211  
*[ma]uRap ‘flood, be flooded’ 86, 106  
*maya ‘tongue’ 79  
*meRaq ‘red’ 213, 216  
*motus (N) ‘island, detached reef; (V) become, be broken off, severed’ 42  
*muqa- ‘front’ 257, 322  
*muqa[-] ‘time before’ 257  
*muri[-] ‘back part, rear’ 261, 322  
*muri[e] (N) ‘breeze’ 127  
*mwaloq ‘submerged rock or coral reef, coral head’ 113  
*mwane-wane ‘straight, direct; flat, level’ 220  
*mwagane ‘man, male’ 173  
*m(wata ‘point, blade, cutting-edge (of a weapon or instrument)’ 49  
*na-boyi ‘yesterday’ 327  
*na[d,dr]i ‘flint, obsidian, stone with a cutting edge’ 64  
*nako[-] face, front’ 259  
*namo ‘lagoon inside a reef; deep pool or hole in reef’ 114  
*na-ñoRap ‘yesterday’ 326  
*napo(k) ‘breaking wave; surf’ 99  
*na-Rapi ‘yesterday’ 328  
*natu-ña ‘her/his child; small, smallest’ 201  
*[ni]nir (V) ‘shake, quake’ 84  
*niwaRap ‘(weather) calm, peaceful’ 141  
*nuku ‘sandy ground, sand bank, sand spit’ 45, 67, 114
*nusa ‘island’ 42  
*ñoRap ‘yesterday’ 325  
*noro ‘flood, gush, flow everywhere’ 87  
*ŋalu(n) ‘mounting wave, ocean wave’ 99  
*ŋ-iu(ŋ) (V) ‘shake, quake’ 84  
*ŋoro ‘snore’ 48  
*oda ‘reef’ 110–111  
*pa ‘go away; move in a transverse direction’ 291  
*pai, *i pai ‘where at?’ 264  
*pa(a)q ‘overflow, flood’ 86  
*paka(s), *paqus-i- ‘bind, lash; construct (canoe+) by lashing together’ 5  
*paRiu ‘cyclone’ 87, 128  
*pata ‘stone, rock’ 63  
*paya ‘be open, gape’ 47  
*pak aq ‘gather shellfish and other seafood on the reef’ 111  
*pakoRu ‘new; young, recent’ 196, 210  
*pandava ‘1. inhabited area or territory, 2. community together with its land and things on it, 3. land, not sea, 4. (with reference to weather and the day/night cycle) the visible world, land and sky’ 40, 305  
*papak ‘underneath, lower surface, bottom, underside’ 249  
*para-ŋ(a) ‘thunder’ 152  
*pa-raŋi, *paka-raŋi ‘be near’ 207  
*pata ‘stone, rock’ 63  
*paya ‘be open, gape’ 47  
*panda ‘gathering shellfish and other seafood on the reef’ 111  
*piko ‘twist together’ 88  
*piraq ‘whirlwind, waterspout’ 88  
*pisi ‘bind up, tie up, wind round, wrap’ 5  
*pitik ‘lightning’ 150
*[qa-]na-waRisa ‘day before yesterday’ 333
*gapu ‘ashes, dust’ 75, 81
*gapu(R) ‘lime, burnt coral or limestone’ 65
*qaro-, *garop ‘front; face’ 256
*garop qi qage, ‘sole (front) of foot’ 257
*gaRoq ‘cloud (generic)’ 143
*qaRu(N) ‘current’ 96
*qasiRa ‘salt’ 71
*qasu ‘smoke’ 78
*qatu(R) (N) ‘?number of things in a line, row’ 43
*qitek ‘small’ 196, 199
*qitik ‘small’ 196, 199
*gone ‘sand, sandy beach’ 67
*gone gone ‘sand, sandy’ 68
*qu(s.j)ila(k) ‘lightning’ 149
*gulu ‘head’ 52, 253
*gulu[~] ‘top’ 235, 253
*qusan (N, V) ‘rain’ 146
*qutan ‘bushland, hinterland’ 54, 238
*qutan ‘inland’ 55, 235, 237
*raba(r) ‘flat, wide, broad’ 203, 218
*raki ‘dry season when the southeast trades blow’ 318
*raki ‘southeast trades’ 132, 139, 269
*Rapi, *Rapi-Rapi (N, V) ‘late afternoon and evening, from about 3 p.m. to sunset’ 313, 331
*rapu-ka ‘old (of inanimates)’ 193, 212
*Rapu(n) ‘haze, mist’ 144
*rapu(R) ‘1. ashes, 2. fireplace, hearth’ 75
*ragani ‘daytime, daylight’ 161, 309, 321, 324
*raRay (VI) ‘be warm, hot, of sun; be warmed or heated by fire or sun’ 163
*raRo(q) ‘clay; cooking pot’ 70
*rau(n) ‘flat land’ 54
*raun ‘leaf’ 54
*Rike ‘earthquake’ 83
*riki(t,q) ‘small’ 196, 198, 200
*ri-riki(t,q) ‘small’ 198, 200
*rodo(ŋ) ‘rain cloud’ 143
*rodom ‘be dark, be night’ 308
*ruku- ‘underneath’ 250
*Rumaq ‘house’ 235, 241
*ruru ‘calm, sheltered’ 46, 113
*sakaRu ‘reef, shoal’ 110
*sake ‘rise, go up; upwards’ 181, 269
*sake ‘go upward’ 243, 273, 277
*sake ‘go upward, go southeast’ 273, 275–276
*salil ‘valley’ 52
*saliR (V) ‘flow, float, drift’ 98
*saqat ‘bad’ 96
*sau ‘breeze’ 127, 138
*sau (V) ‘(breeze) blow’ 127
*sauq (V) ‘be far away’ 205
*sawa(n,ŋ) ‘channel, passage’ 93, 116
*sa[p,b]u(q) (N) ‘waterfall’ 62
*sa[p,b]u(q) ‘fall, trickle down, of water’ 62
*sinaR ‘shine, sun’ 310, 315
*sinaR (V) ‘shine’ 163
*sipo ‘go down, downwards’ 182, 241, 271, 277
*sipo ‘go downward, go northwest’ 275–277
*siriy ‘side, edge’ 255
*sobu ‘go downward, dive down’ 272
*soLO ‘sink down, subside; landslide’ 85, 182
*solos ‘inland mountain country, highlands interior’ 50
*[s,j]u[(a,u)] ‘go down vertically, fall’ 272, 275
*surup ‘enter, penetrate; go down (?)’ 272
*tabiRa ‘wooden bowl’ 177
*takuRu[-] ‘(s.o.’s) back’ 263
*talu(n) ‘old garden, fallow land, land returning to secondary growth’ 55
*tama- ‘father’ 199
*tamwaataq ‘living person’ 173
*ti(NU) (PREPV) ‘(go) away from’ 293
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>tanoq</td>
<td>‘earth, ground, soil; land’</td>
<td>41, 235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tape</td>
<td>(N,V) ‘(current) flow’</td>
<td>63, 97, 102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tape-tape</td>
<td>‘waterfall; flow’</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ta-pol(s)</td>
<td>‘spread out (as of a mat)’</td>
<td>203, 207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>taqun</td>
<td>‘period of a year, yam season cycle (?), any cyclic period’</td>
<td>319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tasik</td>
<td>‘sea, salt water’</td>
<td>92, 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tata</td>
<td>(ADV) ‘near’</td>
<td>207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[t,d]onu(p)</td>
<td>‘straight ’</td>
<td>219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timu(R)</td>
<td>‘wind bringing light rain’</td>
<td>43, 136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tinaqe-</td>
<td>‘intestines’</td>
<td>248</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tina-ña</td>
<td>‘her/his mother; big, biggest’</td>
<td>201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toḥwa</td>
<td>‘bay, harbour; belly, stomach’</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tokalau(r)</td>
<td>‘northerly wind (?)’</td>
<td>137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toleru</td>
<td>‘three’</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>topu(R)</td>
<td>‘freshwater spring on the beach, often brackish’</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[tubu]tubu[-ka]</td>
<td>‘thick (in dimension)’</td>
<td>208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tuku</td>
<td>‘short’</td>
<td>205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tupu(R)</td>
<td>‘freshwater spring on the beach, often brackish’</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tureqRi</td>
<td>‘(be) long ago, take a long time, old (of inanimates)’</td>
<td>193, 212, 323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ua</td>
<td>‘go towards addressee’</td>
<td>284–286, 328</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ubi</td>
<td>‘half coconut shell used as a drinking cup’</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ucuy</td>
<td>‘nose’</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>udra</td>
<td>‘be on fire’</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ulu</td>
<td>‘k.o. cloud’</td>
<td>144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upi</td>
<td>‘blow’</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[u]Ruap</td>
<td>‘high tide; to flow in of tide’</td>
<td>85, 99, 106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waiR</td>
<td>‘fresh water; river, stream’</td>
<td>58, 96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waiR pa(a)q</td>
<td>‘river floodwaters’</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wane-wane</td>
<td>‘straight, direct; flat, level’</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waRisa</td>
<td>‘two days from today’</td>
<td>331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waRoc</td>
<td>‘vine, creeper, rope’</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wasas</td>
<td>‘passage, space between, particularly at sea, distance between two points’</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>watu</td>
<td>‘go towards addressee’</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wau</td>
<td>‘go seawards’</td>
<td>273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[y]aku</td>
<td>‘go (to)’</td>
<td>293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>yano</td>
<td>‘turmeric, Curcuma longa’</td>
<td>215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[yano]yano</td>
<td>‘yellow’</td>
<td>215</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Proto Western Oceanic (PWOc)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>kalis</td>
<td>‘crooked’</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kapu</td>
<td>‘ash, dust, cinders’</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ka-sauq</td>
<td>(V) ‘be far away’</td>
<td>206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>muga</td>
<td>‘front; be in front; formerly’</td>
<td>258, 322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pwa</td>
<td>(PREP) ‘instrumental, comitative’</td>
<td>292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>qa[r,R]iŋ</td>
<td>‘obsidian’</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(rR)ugu</td>
<td>‘rain’</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siki</td>
<td>‘small’</td>
<td>201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(s,t)imuR</td>
<td>‘island’</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siwaRop</td>
<td>‘(weather) calm, peaceful’</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tapal</td>
<td>‘substance used to blacken teeth’</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tunan</td>
<td>‘high tide’</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Proto Eastern Oceanic (PEOc)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>baro</td>
<td>‘flat rock or ledge (in or near sea)’</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bubu</td>
<td>‘Southern Cross; triggerfish’</td>
<td>173</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bwela</td>
<td>‘taro swamp’</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kalo-kalo</td>
<td>‘glimmer’</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>libo</td>
<td>‘eddy, whirlpool’</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>liku</td>
<td>‘windward side’</td>
<td>46, 113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ma[d]rama</td>
<td>‘moon’</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maka</td>
<td>‘burn brightly’</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>malala</td>
<td>‘charcoal, charred wood’</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>makalo</td>
<td>‘burn with glow’</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ma-lua(s)</td>
<td>‘soft, gentle, (weather) calm’</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maya</td>
<td>‘river branch, tributary’</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>marawa</td>
<td>‘green, blue’</td>
<td>214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proto New Guinea Oceanic (PNGOc)</td>
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<td>----------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td><em>guba(r,R)</em> ‘k.o. cloud (possibly storm cloud)’ 143</td>
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<tr>
<td><em>lamaR</em> ‘lightning’ 150</td>
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<tr>
<td><em>paqoRu</em> ‘new, young’ 210</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>paqu</em> ‘new, young’ 210</td>
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<tr>
<td><em>sabam</em> ‘sky’ 143</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><em>yawana</em> ‘southerly wind’ 139</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proto North New Guinea (PNNG)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>kila(m,p)</em> ‘lightning’ 151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>upi-ŋ(a)</em> ‘wind’ 130</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proto Southeast Solomonic (PSS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>aïn</em> (V) ‘shake’ 84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proto Micronesian (PMic)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>aremoi</em> ‘Arcturus’ 177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(d,z)umuri</em> ‘Antares’ 176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*(fatu) wāni ‘pumice’ 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*fūtū rāni ‘Morning Star’ 167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*kua ‘Dolphin constellation incl. Cassiopeia’ 177, 189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>lakV</em> ‘stars in Pegasus’ 176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*lau ‘pool, pond’ 95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*mai ‘breadfruit’ 175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*malu-malu ‘storm, typhoon’ 87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*maRi ‘breadfruit’ 175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*tapia ‘Bowl constellation, approximately Delphinus’ 177, 189</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proto Central Pacific (PCP)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*avā ‘storm, gale, hurricane’ 87, 134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*bari ‘(waves) pound the coast, as at high tide’ 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*bari ‘coastal cliff’ 53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*gwele ‘earth, soil’ 69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*kobulu ‘? thick smoke, heavy cloud’ 79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*gatu ‘number of things in a line, row, as a chain of islands’ 43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*gulu-gulu ‘outer edge of shore reef where waves break’ 112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*uju (V) ‘project’, (N) ‘projecting or exposed land’ 48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*vuqa(i)ŋa ‘pumice; whetstone, grindstone’ 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*vusi ‘swamp; taro swamp’ 58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proto Polynesian (PPn)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*afā ‘storm, hurricane’ 87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*awa ‘channel, passage through reef’ 117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*faŋa ‘bay’ 47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*feo ‘coral, possibly branching coral’ 108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*fetuqu qaaho ‘Morning Star’ 167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*fiŋa ‘upper surface’ 50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
*kaniwa ‘the Milky Way’ 179
*kawe ‘to carry’ 180
*kaweina ‘that which is steered for (usually a star)’ 180
*kofu (V) ‘emit smoke’ 78
*laki ‘southerly quadrant, southwest wind and weather associated with it’ 132, 136
*lalo ‘region underneath’ 247
*lo(o)ma, *lo(o)maki ‘flood caused by high seas or tides’ 87
*loto ‘pool, depression in reef; inside’ 115, 248
*luga ‘top, space above, up top’ 239
*mafi-ike ‘earthquake’ 83
*makala ‘crackle and spark’ 80
*mālī ‘soft (of a substance), calm (of day, sea)’ 222
*maqafu ‘Magellanic Clouds’ 179
*maqu ‘mountain’ 51
*mataliki ‘Pleiades’ 172
*mato ‘precipice, steep place, cliff’ 53
*moana ‘sea beyond the reef, ocean’ 94, 118
*mula ‘burst into flame’ 77
*mā-sina ‘mouth of river’ 47
*mā-sina ‘moon, month’ 164, 315
*pali ‘cliff’ 53
*pali ‘to pound the coast, as at high tide’ 100
*pata ‘raindrop’ 148
*pō ‘night, day of twenty-four hours’ 307
*poni-poni (N, V) ‘morning’ 311
*pula ‘shine, glow’ 77, 165
*puna (N) ‘a spring’ 61
*pupa ‘coral rock’ 108
*qā-fea ‘when (future)’ 337
*qaho ‘daylight’ 312
*qaho-qatea ‘late morning and early afternoon’ 312
*qana ‘cave’ 53
[qa]na-fea ‘when (past)’ 327
*qana-pō ‘last night’ 324
*qanoisa ‘the day after tomorrow’ 332
*qā-siosio ‘whirlwind, waterspout’ 88
*gaso ‘day, as period of time’ 161
*qiti ‘small (SG)’ 198
*qulu ‘head’ 112
*rau ‘flat land’ 54
*refū, *refurefu ‘ashes’ 75
*sa-sake (N) ‘east’ 276
*si-sifo (N) ‘west’ 276
*(tafa)tafa-qaki-laŋi ‘horizon’ 158
*(tafa)tafa-qi-laŋi ‘horizon’ 158
*tahi ‘shallow sea near shore or in lagoon, salt water; tide’ 92
*tākelo ‘name of a star or stars, possibly in Orion constellation’ 170
*takulua ‘a bright star’ 170
*talu-talu ‘weeds, fallow’ 55
*tama ‘child’ 199
*taqu ‘season’ 320
*toka ‘rock, as a submerged rock or reef’ 114
*tokelau ‘northwesterly quadrant, northwest winds’ 136, 137–138
*tonga ‘southeasterly quadrant, southeast wind’ 136, 138
*tuqa ‘back’ 112
*tuqa-hakau ‘ocean side of the reef, ocean beyond the reef’ 112
*tuqa-siwi ‘mountain ridge’ 52
*utu-a ‘projecting land’ 48
*wasa ‘open sea; space, distance, esp. at sea’ 117, 118